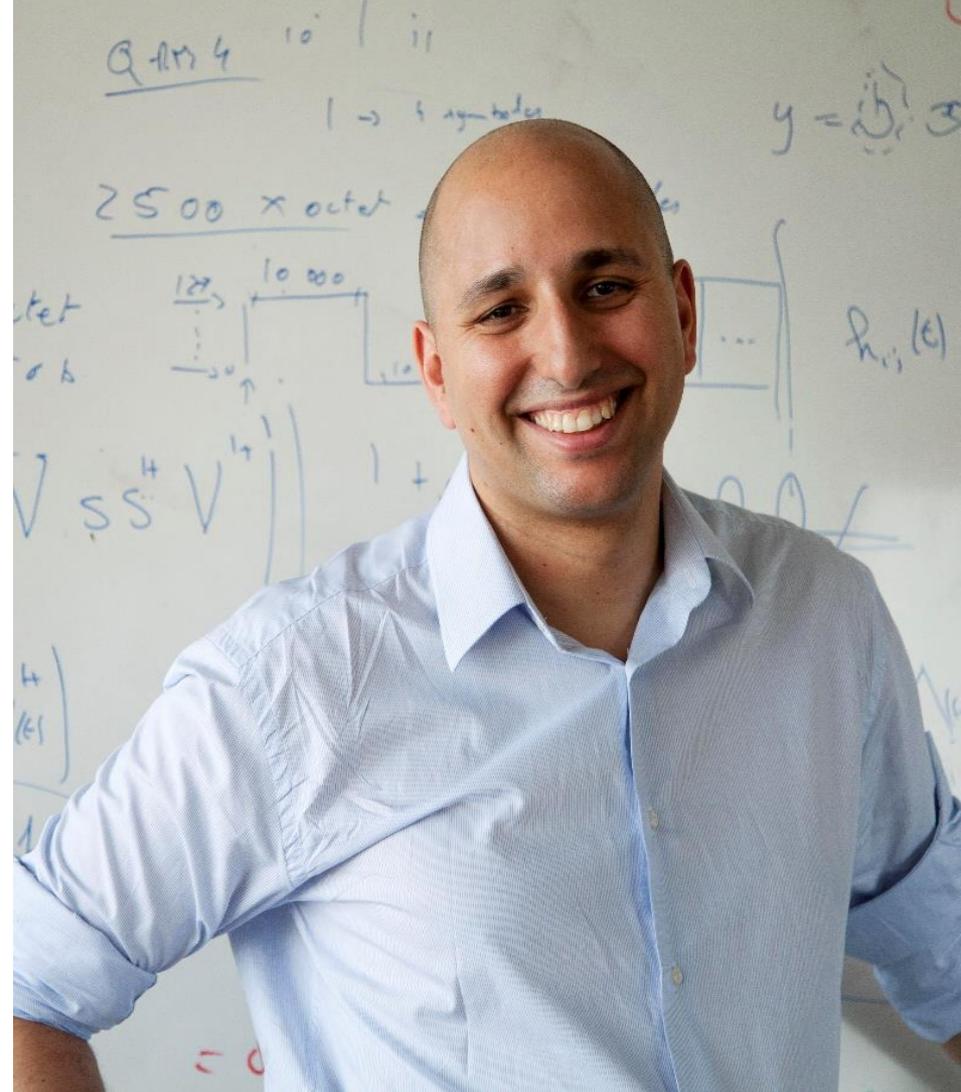


The Super Power of (Open Source) Large Language Models

Prof. Merouane Debbah

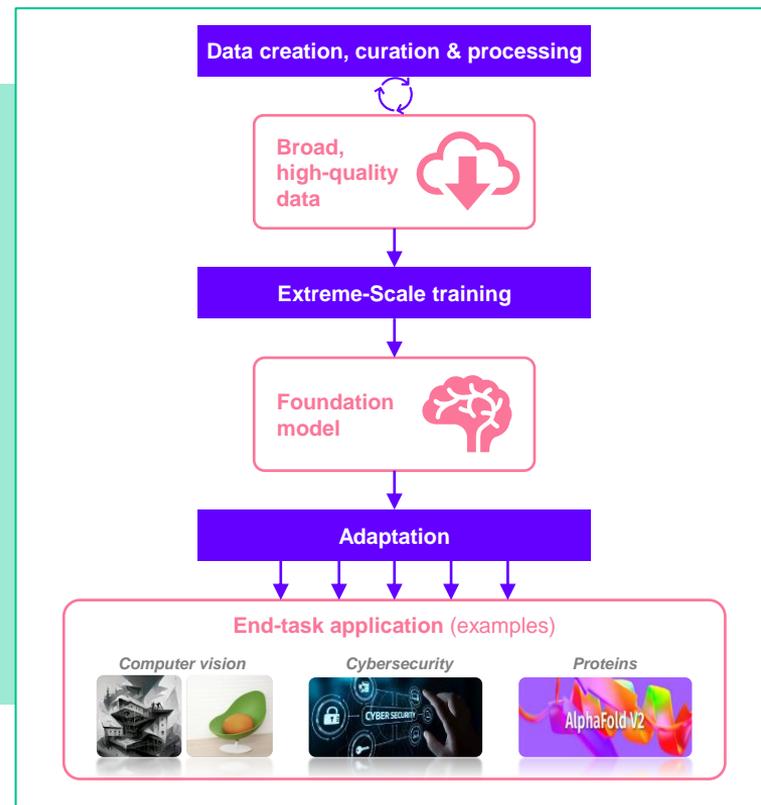
About The Researcher

- Chief Researcher at the Technology Innovation Institute
- IEEE, EURASIP and WWRF Fellow
- Citations: 58000+, h-index:108
- More than 35 Best papers Awards
- More than 50 patents
- IEEE Signal Processing Society Distinguished Industry Speaker (2021-2022)
- Field of Research: AI and beyond 5G Systems



What is LLM and how it works

- LLM stands for **Language-based Learning Machine**
- It is a **type of machine learning model** that uses **natural language** input and output
- LLMs are **trained on large amounts of text data** and **can perform a variety of end-tasks** related to natural language processing (NLP)
- The models use techniques like **neural networks**, **specifically transformer-based models** like BERT, GPT, T5... which have proven to be very effective in natural language tasks



Large Language Models (LLMs) are eating machine learning

LLMs provide a universal text-based interface to tackle any tasks:



Key aspects of LLMs:

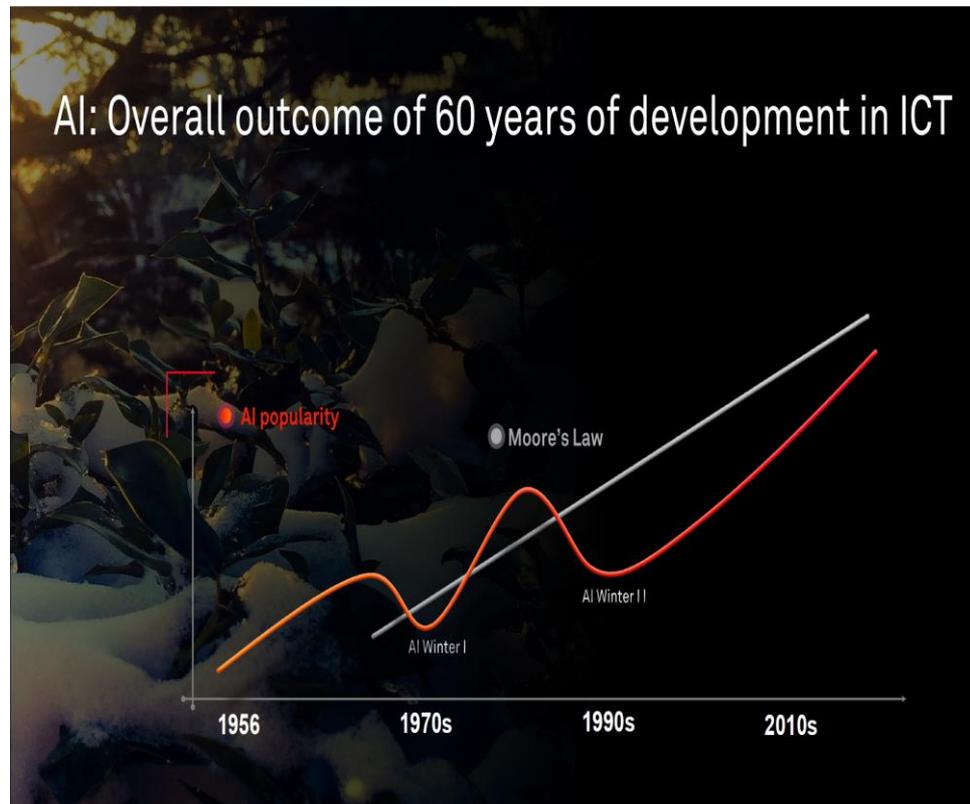
-  They are **generalists**, able to tackle broad tasks just from instructions.
-  Their **capabilities** increase as you **scale-up** in size/compute.
-  One of the **main business & research interest** in machine learning.
from Google, DeepMind, Microsoft, etc. + large start-ups such as OpenAI and Cohere.

Why now?

Massive amounts of data that can be used to train Machine Learning models are being generated, for example through daily creation of billions of images, online click streams, voice and video, mobile locations, and sensors embedded in the Internet of Things devices.

Computing capacity has become available to train larger and more complex models much faster. Graphics processing units (GPUs), originally designed to render the computer graphics in video games, have been repurposed to execute the data and algorithm crunching required for machine learning at speeds many times faster than traditional processor chips.

Machine-learning algorithms have progressed in recent years, especially through the development of deep learning and reinforcement-learning techniques based on neural networks.



What LLM can do

Content creation



Text / Code

Idea generation

Text writing (book, training, course, plan...)

Copywriting (emails, ads, blog posts...)

Code writing (website, app...)

Visuals / Sounds

Image generation (text-to-image)

Video generation (text-to-video)

Voice generation (text-to-voice)

Game design (AR, 3D design...)

Content curation and analysis



Rewrite / Summarize

Text summary

Video summary

Audio transcript

Language translation

Information clustering / formatting

Extract

Information retrieval

Web search / Benchmarking

Q&A

Analyze

Data analytics and forecast

Visual analytics

Sentiment / Intent recognition (ex. Fraud)

Task automation



Chatbot / Virtual assistant

Scheduling (meetings, tasks...)

Text editing (spell check, paraphrasing)

Visuals editing (video cutting, image editing...)

Data cleansing

Code auditing

Robot control

Noor Released in April 2022

Technology Innovation Institute Announces Launch of NOOR, the World's Largest Arabic NLP Model

13 Apr, 2022



*Model is most powerful one in Arabic language to date with 10 billion parameters
Features applications in automated summarization, chatbots, personalized marketing*

Mon 11-04-2022 15:05 PM

Technology Innovation Institute announces launch of NOOR, world's largest Arabic NLP model



ABU DHABI, 11th April, 2022 (WAM) -- Technology Innovation Institute (TII), a global research centre and applied research pillar of Abu Dhabi's Advanced Technology Research Council (ATRC), today announced the launch of NOOR, the world's largest Arabic natural language processing (NLP) model to date.

TII's team of advanced researchers and Artificial Intelligence (AI) specialists at its AI Cross-Centre Unit, joined forces on this initiative with LightOn, a technology company that unlocks extreme-scale machine intelligence for businesses, to revolutionise Arabic NLP models.

The NOOR model carries out varied, cross-domain tasks simply from natural language instructions. Its training dataset is the world's largest high-quality Arabic dataset, combining web data with books, poetry, news articles, and technical information to significantly widen the applicability of the model.

Dr. Ray O. Johnson, CEO, TII and ASPiRE, said, "With this development, we are on track to boost our research capabilities and credentials in AI, as well as elevating the status of Abu Dhabi and the UAE as a serious research ecosystem. Our expert teams have demonstrated yet again that this region can achieve breakthrough R&D outcomes that impact the world."

Dr. Ebtessam Almazrouei, Director, AI Cross-Centre Unit, TII, commented, "Large language models have taken the world of natural language processing by storm, and we are proud to introduce this cutting-edge model with 10 billion parameters, the world's largest Arabic NLP model. The uniquely large Arabic dataset collected to train the model is the result of months of work that included curating, scrapping, and filtering of varied sources."

Speaking on the upcoming launch, Prof. Mérouane Debbah, Chief Researcher, Digital Science Research Centre and AI Cross-Centre Unit, TII, said, "With NOOR, TII has expanded the scope of the modern standard Arabic model by leveraging know-how in large language models to build cross-disciplinary, cutting-edge expertise in this new generation of AI research. This is only the first step in TII's efforts to contribute to the wider UAE Strategy for Artificial Intelligence, through supporting AI integration across key sectors of the economy."

The model is named for the Arabic word "light", and it represents the UAE's global contribution to advanced technology and artificial intelligence.

WAM/Tariq alFaham/Khoder Nashar

Noor - Narrator

Narrator

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The screenshot shows a web browser window with two tabs: 'Noor' and 'New Tab'. The address bar displays 'localhost:3000/#/narrator'. The page has a green header with a navigation link 'العودة إلى الصفحة الرئيسية' (Return to the main page) and a logo 'راوي' (Noor). The main content area features a large text input field with the placeholder text 'الرجاء إضافة نص يتكون من 5 حرف على الأقل' (Please add text consisting of at least 5 characters) and the example text 'كرة القدم رياضة شعبية' (Football is a popular sport). Below the input field is a green button labeled 'انشاء نص' (Create text). At the bottom right, there is a prompt: 'النص المنتج' (Generated text) and 'ترقب التلخيص هنا' (Wait for the summary here). The footer contains the text 'Made with At TII'.

Noor - Summarization

Summarization

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الرجاء إضافة نص يتكون من 500 حرف على الأقل

يرتبط تاريخ دولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة المعاصرة بتاريخ "ساحل عمان"، والذي يضم في يومنا هذا سلطنة عمان ودولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة. ففي القرن السابع عشر وما بعده أصبح الخليج العربي محطة توقف إستراتيجية ومهمة لسفن التجار المسافرين بين أوروبا وآسيا. وفي عام 1892، انضمت الإمارات التي كانت تعرف حتى ذلك الوقت بـ "إمارات الساحل المتصالح" معاً لتوقع معاهدة مع بريطانيا العظمى. تقوم بموجبها بريطانيا العظمى بحماية السواحل البحرية ضد أي عدوان بحري وتوفير الدعم والمساندة ضد أي عدوان بري لهذه الإمارات.

وفيما بعد خلال العام 1968، أعلنت بريطانيا أنها ستنتهي علاقتها التعاهدية مع إمارات الساحل المتصالح وقطر والبحرين. وستسحب من منطقة الخليج العربي. وبمبادرة من المغفور له الشيخ زايد بن سلطان آل نهيان، تم تأسيس دولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة في الثاني من ديسمبر 1971. التاريخ الذي تحتفل به الدولة كل عام بعيدها الوطني، كدولة اتحادية مكونة من ست إمارات، هي: أبوظبي، دبي، الشارقة، عجمان، وأم القيوين، والفجيرة. وفي العام التالي، انضمت إمارة رأس الخيمة للاتحاد.

4383 حرف

تلخيص النص

النص المنتج

ترقب التلخيص من هنا

Falcon meets LLama



Technology

Abu Dhabi makes its Falcon 40B AI model open source

By Lisa Barrington

May 25, 2023 12:02 PM GMT+4 · Updated 4 days ago

DUBAI, May 25 (Reuters) - The emirate of Abu Dhabi is making a large-scale artificial intelligence model, "Falcon 40B", available open source for research and commercial use, the government's Advanced Technology Research Council (ATRC) said on Thursday.

ATRC's commercial investment arm VentureOne said it would also back viable ideas that come from using the model.

Falcon 40B is a foundational large language model (LLM) with 40 billion parameters and trained on one trillion tokens which was developed by the Technology Innovation Institute (TII), a research centre within ATRC.

Posts by Thomas



Thomas Wolf · 1st

Co-founder at 🤗 Hugging Face
2d · 🌐



LLaMa is getting dethroned 🏆 There is a fresh new pretrained LLM sitting on the top of the Open LLM Leaderboard: Falcon 40B 🦅 from the Technology Innovation Institute

And it has some special features:

- an architecture strongly optimized for inference (MQA, flash-attention, parallel attention/MLP, smaller than 65B)
- open-source with a special licence allowing commercial use (an interesting approach check it out on the model page - interesting to see the reception)
- available in two sizes: 40B and 7B parameters

More details here:

- Falcon Model 40B: <https://lnkd.in/efcT7-9q>
- Falcon Model 7B: <https://lnkd.in/eBuCyEgg>
- Technology Innovation Institute HF org page: <https://lnkd.in/e9Vfc5ST>
- The Open LLM Leaderboard: <https://lnkd.in/eUzaDuUu>

Super interested to see what the community will think about this new model!
Don't hesitate to comment below 🗨️



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UAE's Falcon 40B Dominates Leaderboard: Ranks #1 Globally in Latest Hugging Face Independent Verification of Open-source AI Models



Falcon 40B

A promotional graphic for Falcon LLM. The background is dark blue with a network of glowing blue nodes and lines. On the right, a large, stylized white wireframe bird is shown in flight. In the top left, the TII logo is displayed. The text 'Introducing Falcon LLM' is prominently featured in the center-left, with 'Falcon LLM' in a larger font. Below it, a dark blue box contains the text 'A state-of-the-art 40 billion parameters Large Language Model trained on one trillion tokens' in white.

TII

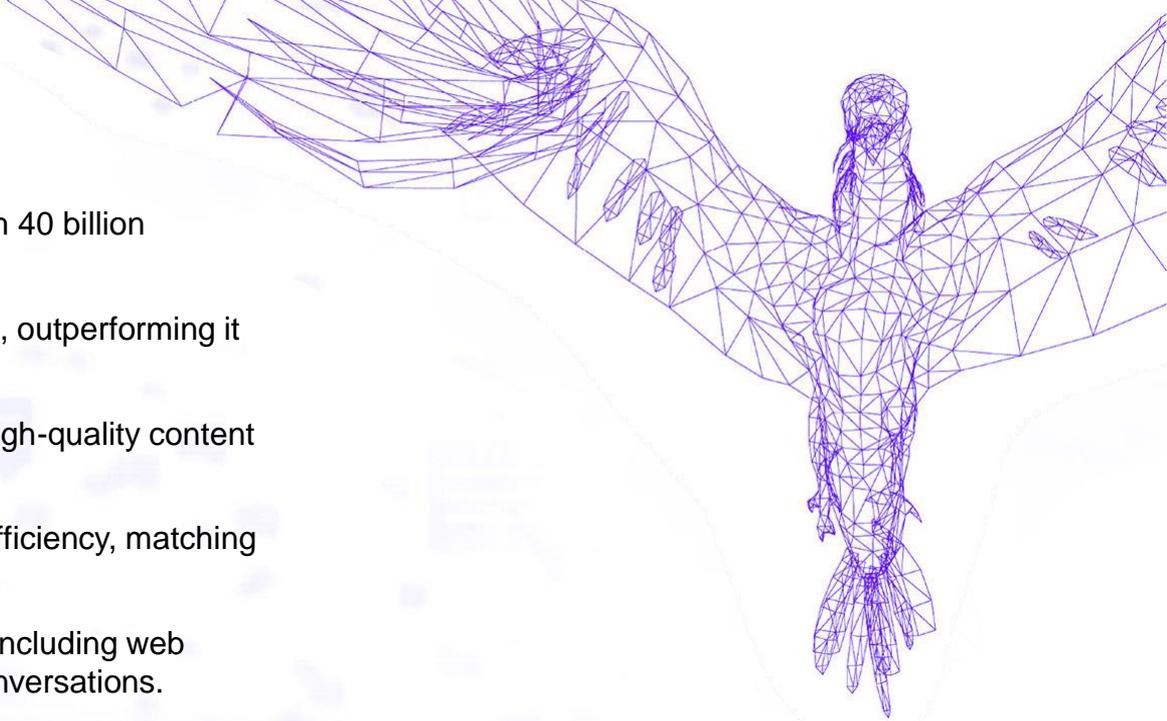
Introducing

Falcon LLM

A state-of-the-art 40 billion parameters Large Language Model trained on one trillion tokens

Falcon LLM

- Foundational large language model (LLM) with 40 billion parameters trained on one trillion tokens.
- Utilizes only 75% of GPT-3's training compute, outperforming it with a fifth of the inference compute.
- Custom tooling and unique data pipeline for high-quality content extraction from the web.
- Optimized architecture for performance and efficiency, matching state-of-the-art LLMs.
- Pretrained on a dataset of five trillion tokens, including web crawls, research papers, and social media conversations.
- Applications include chatbots, customer service, virtual assistants, translation, content generation, and sentiment analysis.
- Aims to automate repetitive tasks, enhancing efficiency for Emirati companies and individuals' daily lives.



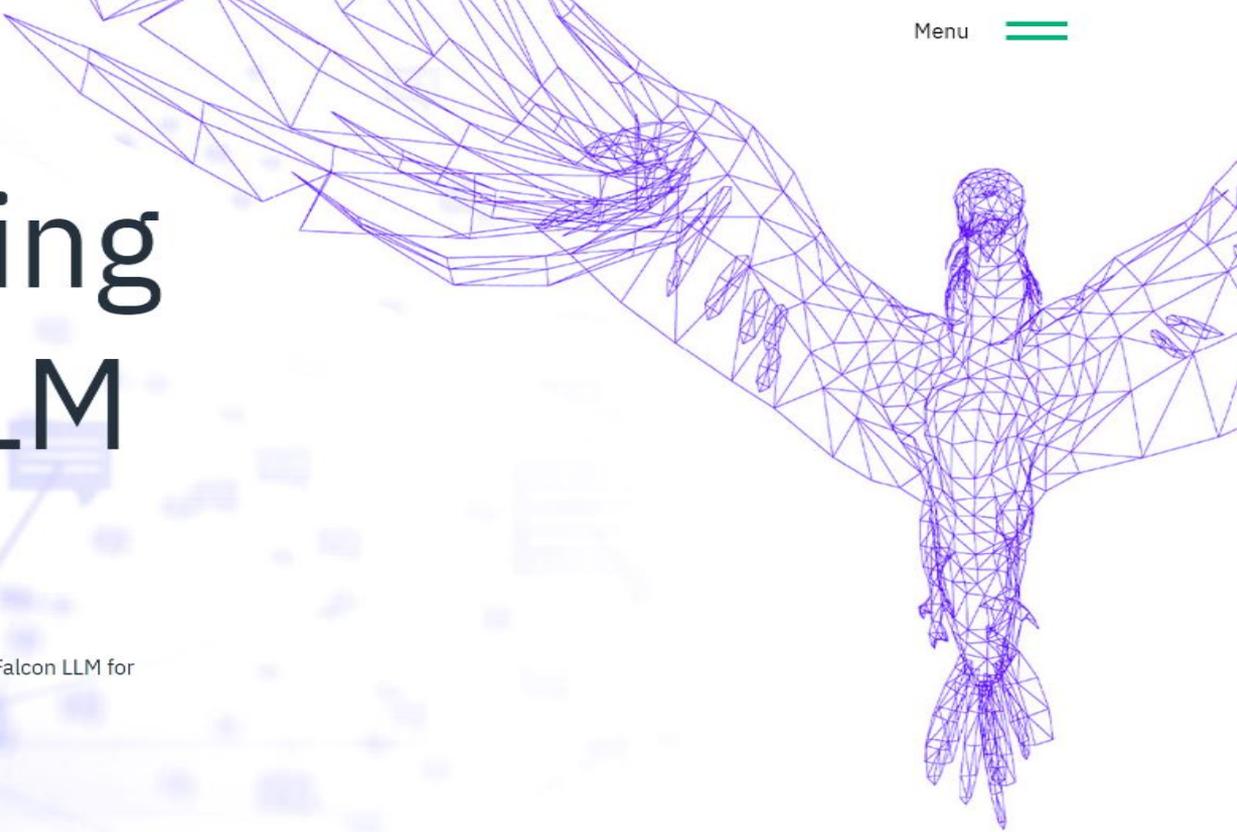
Introducing Falcon LLM

Technology Innovation Institute has open-sourced Falcon LLM for research and commercial utilization.

[Access Falcon LLM](#) →

TII is calling for proposals from the global research community and SME entrepreneurs to submit use cases for Falcon LLM.

[Submit Use Case Proposal](#) →



LLM market landscape

A limited number of major players as cornerstone platforms...

Platform		 OpenAI	AI21labs	 DeepMind	 NVIDIA	+ others
Model	LaMDA	GPT-3	Jurassic	Gopher	Megatron-Turing	  Meta  cohere   
SIZE [Bn parameters]	137	175	178	280	530	
Training tokens [bn]	168	300	300	300	270	

... Supporting hundreds of startups focused on end-user applications

Text	Image	Audio	Video	Code
 Smartwriter.ai  Hypertype  Lately  Utobound  Writesonic  Jasper  Cogram  genei  YOU  AI21labs  letterdrop  copysmith  Crestext  jenni  mavensid  anyword  PERSADO  frase  regie.ai  Hypotenuse AI  WRITER  Linguix  OTHERSIDE AI  copy.ai  copymatic  COMPOSE AI	 ClipDrop  pencil  beautiful.ai  PhotoRoom  BRA  Facet  Poly  CSM  Blend  HYPAR  market  Autobehance.ai  BOTIKA  Sloyd  MODULIZE  Re:cast AI  uizard  Imagen  Hexo AI	 MURF.ai  REPLICA  notably  Endel  WELLSAID  AssemblyAI  Speechify  KRISP  KAIZAN  RESEMBLE.AI  Mubert  NeuralSpace  COOQI  mooses  Listnr  Vocal Clarity  LOVO  Dubverse  AD AURIS	 ZUBITITLE  TERRA  Peech  VOCHI  Maverick  recut  Basch.io  inworld  VEEDIO  FATHOM  runway  vidyo.ai  EMBLY  PICTORY  Steve AI  windsor.io  YEPIG  Potion  Colossyan  METAPHYSIC	 Debuild  tabnine  Codiga  Locofy  Axcoder  Mintlify  mayā  MutableAI  Codu  durable  The.com  bloop  replit  ENZYME  Dhiwise  codota  anima  CODACY  warp  Metabob
Chatbots	Search	Gaming	Data	ML platforms
 lang.ai  PolyAI  Tymely  Incentivai  Kasisto  ushur  CRESTA  Elise AI  verloop.io  Regika  ultimate.ai  Cohere  Sapling  haptik  ada  Forethought  OBSERVE-AI  Kind  Balto  Certainly	 glean  Logria  Hebbia  consensus  vectors  vectara  Pinecone  drant	 charisma.ai  hidden door  LATITUDE  Spellbrush	 Pilot  gretel  DATAHERALD  SYNTEGRA  Mirry.AI  BIFROST  datogen	 slai  jibe  symblai  Adept  aporia  GANTRY  deepset  Synthesis.ai  Archistar  Galileo  featureform

Key considerations when building LLMs



Data

The more data the model is exposed to (volume and diversity), the better it will perform on unseen examples



Model architecture

Choice of model architecture is crucial for the LLM's performance. Transformer-based models like BERT, GPT & T5 have proven to be very effective in natural language tasks



Pre-processing

Cleaning and preparing data which includes tasks such as tokenization, stemming, and lemmatization



Fine-tuning

To adapt for specific tasks, it is often necessary to add task-specific layers to the pre-trained model



Evaluation

Careful assessment of the model to ensure that it is performing well on the task it was designed for



Deployment

Different deployment options can be considered depending on the use-case, such as cloud-based services, on-premises or edge devices



Explainability

Models can be complex, and it can be hard to understand how they arrived at their predictions. There are methods like LIME & SHAP to make the predictions interpretable



Privacy & Security

Since LLM models may handle sensitive information, it is important to consider privacy and security issues when building and deploying them



Bias & Toxicity

LLM models can inadvertently perpetuate and amplify societal biases (ex. People minorities representation) and toxicity (ex. hate speech or offensive language) present in the training data

Mitigation techniques

- Use representative and diverse training data
- Carefully evaluate and test the model
- Use techniques like debiasing & Fairness-Aware learning
- Monitoring the model's output in production



Thank You